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## Listing of Claims

method for increasing (currently amended) Α 1. susceptibility of a cell to DNA-damaging agents, comprising into the vitro introducing cell an antisense inoligonucleotide that specifically hybridizes to a nucleic acid encoding a human DNA-dependent protein kinase subunit so as to prevent expression of the human DNA-dependent subunit; wherein the antisense protein kinase oligonucleotide is in an amount sufficient to increase the sensitivity of the cell to heat, chemical, or radiationinduced DNA damage; and wherein the human DNA-dependent protein kinase subunit is a human DNA-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit, a Ku70, or a Ku80, wherein the antisense oligonucleotide is enclosed in a liposome prior to introduction into the cell.

## 2-14. (canceled)

- 15. (previously presented) An antisense oligonucleotide that specifically hybridizes to a nucleic acid encoding a human DNA-dependent protein kinase subunit, wherein the human DNA-dependent protein kinase subunit is Ku70, so as to prevent expression of the human DNA-dependent protein kinase subunit.
- 16. (previously presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 15 linked to a ribozyme.

## 17. (canceled)

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- 18. (previously presented) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 15 operably linked to a regulatory element.
- 19. (original) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 18, wherein the regulatory element is an inducible promoter.
- 20. (original) The antisense oligonucleotide of claim 18, wherein the regulatory element is a heat shock promoter.
- 21. (original) An expression vector adapted for the expression of the antisense oligonucleotide of claim 15.
- 22. (previously presented) An expression vector adapted for the expression of the antisense oligonucleotide of claim 16.

23-26. (canceled)